Veterans Health Check

(Formerly known as ADF Post-discharge GP Health Assessment)

QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

Department of Veterans' Affairs www.dva.gov.au 133 254

Open Arms Veterans & Families Counselling) www.openarms.gov.au 1800 011 046

Eligibility: Veterans may be eligible for 1 or both health checks.

- **One-off Veterans' Health Check** available to all former ADF members, including former serving members of permanent and reserve forces. It can be performed at any point after the patient's transition from the ADF to civilian life. This health assessment may only be claimed once by an eligible patient.

- **Annual Veterans' Health Check** available to all former ADF members who moved to civilian life from 1 July 2019, have served at least 1 day and holds a DVA Veteran card. A health check is available every year for five years after transition to civilian life.

Pathways into treatment		Referral options	
Assessment item	Key actions and information	Referral and treatment options	Resources
Smoking (p. 10)	Ask about quantity and frequency of smoking. Offer smoking cessation advice, pharmacotherapy, and assistance in setting 'quit' goals.	Effective treatment strategies include referral to the Quitline, pharmacotherapy, and motivational interviewing. Make careful use of pharmacotherapy in people with mental illness or other drug- related dependencies given the significant impact of nicotine and nicotine withdrawal on drug metabolism.	RACGP Smoking Cessation Guidelines for Australian General Practice www.racgp.org.au Quitline—13 7848 (13 QUIT) www.quit.org.au
Alcohol (p. 10)	In men, a score of four or more and in women, a score of three or more, on the AUDIT-C indicates that further assessment is required. A recommended follow- up is the full Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT).	Treatment can be arranged through non-liability health care, accepted conditions, Open Arms Veterans & Families Counselling or DVA medical condition referrals. Cognitive Behavioural Therapy (CBT) and motivational interviewing (MI) are effective psychological interventions for reducing alcohol use. Brief interventions that include simple feedback about use, advice and goal-setting are also effective.	www.openarms.gov.au/signs- symptoms/alcohol-and-substance- use/alcohol-use see also Referral options

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Substance use (p. 12)	If the patient reports substance use, consider the use of further assessment tools, such as the Drug Abuse Screening Test (DAST) which is available at www.openarms.gov.au/health- professionals/assessment-and- treatment/treating-alcohol-and- substance-misuse/treating- substance-misuse	 Treatment can be arranged through non-liability health care, accepted conditions, Open Arms or DVA medical condition referrals. Resources to inform assessment, referral and treatment: RACGP guidelines for drugs of dependence in general practice www.racgp.org.au RACGP prescription opioid policy www.racgp.org.au 	www.openarms.gov.au/signs- symptoms/alcohol-and-substance- use/alcohol-use Prescription Shopping Information Service—1800 631 181 Available to registered prescribers 24 hours a day, seven days a week. www.humanservices.gov.au see also Referral options
Physical activity (p. 13)	An assessment of the patient's readiness to act and activity preferences are key steps towards developing an effective intervention.	DVA runs a free Veterans' Heart Health Programme for eligible veterans, peacekeepers and those covered under the ADF firefighter scheme around Australia. It includes personalised fitness and nutrition programmes plus 12 months of mentoring and support to help your patient achieve their health goals.	DVA Heart Health Program www.dva.gov.au Australian Guidelines for Physical Activity and Sedentary Behaviour www.health.gov.au
Pain (p. 13)	If patients report moderate, severe or very severe pain, consider a more in-depth assessment.	Patients with complex pain conditions may benefit from referral to a tertiary pain centre or other specialists. Consideration should be given to comorbid mental health conditions. CBT has the strongest evidence base for the treatment of chronic pain in adults, www.openarms.gov.au/signs- symptoms/pain Managing Pain is a treatment group that introduces participants to CBT and how it can assist in the management of chronic pain.	Pain assessment measures www.aci.health.nsw.gov.au/chronic- pain/health-professionals/assessment Veterans' MATES Modules 35 and 38 Neuropathic Pain and Chronic Musculoskeletal Pain—Therapeutic Briefs www.veteransmates.net.au Open Arms Group Program – Managing Pain www.openarms.gov.au/get- support/treatment-programs-and- workshops

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Sleep (p. 14)	 Investigate likely causes of insomnia, including: medications medical conditions such as sleep apnoea and restless legs syndrome mental health conditions, particularly depression, anxiety, PTSD and alcohol misuse The Insomnia Severity Index is a 7-item questionnaire that can assist to clarify the impact of insomnia on the patient's quality of life. 	Treatment of comorbid conditions may improve sleep. Consider referral to a mental health professional for non- pharmacological interventions. CBT for insomnia (CBT-i), with adjunctive psychotherapy to treat PTSD-related sleep disturbances, currently has the greatest level of support from the evidence for the treatment of insomnia in veterans, www.openarms.gov.au/health- professionals/assessment-and- treatment/treating-insomnia For patients with ongoing symptoms, there may be a role for adjunctive use of medications such as hypnotics. Referral to specialised sleep services may assist in managing more complex cases. Sleeping Better is an educational and skills based group program assisting participants to understand the sleep process and more effectively manage disturbed sleep.	RACGP Brief Behavioural Therapy: Insomnia for Adults www.racgp.org.au Insomnia: Prevalence, Consequences and Effective Treatment www.mja.com.au The Insomnia Severity Index www.myhealth.va.gov Open Arms Group Program—Sleeping Better www.openarms.gov.au/get- support/treatment-programs-and- workshops
Distress (p. 15)	For the military and ex-military, a score of 17 or above on the K10 requires further clinical assessment. This scale measures both depressive and anxiety symptoms Further questioning for potential mental health disorders is recommended and where appropriate referral for assessment. Information about further assessment measures is available at www.openarms.gov.au/health- professionals/assessment-and- treatment/treating-depression, including the utility of the Depression Anxiety and Stress Scale (DASS 21).	Treatment can be arranged through the Open Arms - Veterans and Families Counselling (Open Arms) for eligible patients. CBT and interpersonal therapy have the greatest level of support from the evidence for the psychological treatment of depression, www.openarms.gov.au/health- professionals/assessment-and- treatment/treating-depression CBT based interventions have been shown to be effective for anxiety disorders. Understanding Anxiety is a treatment program that introduces clients to CBT and how it can assist to manage their anxiety.	Open Arms — 1800 011 046 www.openarms.gov.au see also Referral options Open Arms Group Program – Understanding Anxiety www.openarms.gov.au/get- support/treatment-programs-and- workshops

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Posttraumatic stress (p. 18)	In primary care settings, patients with a score of 2 or higher on the PC-PTSD screen should be further assessed. Information about further assessment measures is available from the Australian Defence Force (ADF) Post-discharge GP Health Assessment Guide, available on the <i>DVA</i> website.	Treatment can be arranged through non-liability health care, accepted conditions, Open Arms or DVA medical condition referrals. When referring for psychological interventions, consider referring to practitioners trained in trauma- focused interventions, such as Trauma-Focused Cognitive Behavioural Therapy (TF-CBT) and Eye Movement Desensitisation and Reprocessing (EMDR). Recovery From Trauma is a treatment program using the CBT model. The group is not PTSD specific, the strategies included are core components of evidence- based PTSD and trauma treatment programs.	For patients— The Australian Guidelines for the Treatment of Acute Stress Disorder and Posttraumatic Stress Disorder www.phoenixaustralia.org/australian- guidelines-for-ptsd see also Referral options Open Arms Group Program – Recovery from Trauma www.openarms.gov.au/get- support/treatment-programs-and- workshops
Harm to self or others (p. 20)	If a patient responds yes to either question in the assessment tool, check for recency and intent to act on these thoughts. Practice nurses and health workers should immediately inform the GP if the patient responds 'yes' to either question. In the case of a patient who has intent to suicide or harm others, GPs should consult the RACGP Guidelines for Preventive Activities in General Practice. See www.racgp.org.au	There is evidence that detecting and treating depression has a role in suicide prevention. If pharmacotherapy is commenced, the veteran's mental state should be monitored and adjunctive psychological therapy commenced when appropriate. Contact your local mental health crisis team or public hospital psychiatry for patients with acute mental health needs. If hospitalisation is required, DVA has arrangements with hospitals around the country. To find out their location call DVA on 133 254 or 1800 555 254.	For patients—Operation Life Online website Open Arms – 1800 011 046 (24 hrs) www.openarms.gov.au RACGP Guidelines for Preventive Activities in General Practice. 10.2 Suicide www.racgp.org.au see also Referral options
Anger (p. 21)	 If a patient reports problematic anger, a more in-depth assessment should consider: Triggers and responses to anger Drug and alcohol use Head injury Injuries to others Risk of violence to partner and family Underlying mental health condition It is recommended that agreement is sought with the patient regarding ongoing contact and monitoring of progress. 	Doing Anger Differently is an educational and skills-based group programme offered by Open Arms - Veterans & Families Counselling (Open Arms) that assists participants to understand anger. For underlying mental health conditions, consider the referral options. The evidence for group CBT-based therapies targeting anger in veterans is ranked as 'Promising', www.openarms.gov.au/health- professionals/assessment-and- treatment/treating-problematic- anger	For patients— Open Arms Group Programme—Doing Anger Differently www.openarms.gov.au/get- support/treatment-programs-and- workshops see also Referral options

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Sexual health (p. 22)	Concerns about sexually transmitted infection (STI) or sexual function require further assessment.	 Resources to inform assessment, referral and treatment: RACGP guidelines for STI www.racgp.org.au Common problems affecting the male reproductive system www.racgp.org.au Premature ejaculation www.racgp.org.au 	Guidelines on Male Sexual Dysfunction www.uroweb.org/guidelines
Sexual trauma (p. 22)	A person who discloses sexual trauma should be asked about their preferences for follow-up care.	 Resources to inform assessment, referral and treatment: RACGP guidelines for abuse and violence www.racgp.org.au Australian guidelines for the treatment of acute stress disorder and PTSD—includes a section on sexual assault www.racgp.org.au 	Support Services for Sexual Assault www.aifs.gov.au www.defenceabusetaskforce.gov.au

Pathways into treatment		
Treatment whatever the cause (non-liability health care)	DVA—133 254	
For veterans and some peacetime service members diagnosed with: PTSD	Form D9213: Application for Health Care for Certain Mental Health Conditions—click here	
anxiety depression	Form D9215: Application for Health Care for Cancer and Tuberculosis—click here	
alcohol use disorder; or substance use disorder cancer (malignant neoplasm) pulmonary tuberculosis	Information resources about non-liability health care: www.dva.gov.au	
DVA may pay for their treatment, even if the condition is not related to their Defence service.		
Treatment for service-related conditions (accepted conditions)	DVA—133 254	
Where an ex-serving member's diagnosis or condition is caused or aggravated by Defence service, the patient should be encouraged to contact DVA.	DVA Health Provider Link—1300 550 457 (Metro) 1300 550 457 (Non-metro)	
For details on a patient's accepted disabilities, please call the DVA Health Provider Link and quote the veteran's file number on the White Card.	Copy of the patient's Defence health records available from Defence Health Records. Email: adf.persrecordenquiries@defence.gov.au	

Referral options	
Open Arms Veterans and Families Counselling (Open Arms) Open Arms provides free, confidential, nation-wide counselling and group treatment programs for several mental health and wellbeing conditions, such as PTSD, anxiety, depression, sleep, trauma, anger, relaxation management, and relationship enhancement. Open Arms supports current and ex-ADF and their partners with their transition from military to civilian life through the Stepping Out program. The Residential Lifestyle Management Program enhances veteran relationships and wellbeing Open Arms support services are available for eligible veterans, peacekeepers, and family members.	Open Arms Veterans & Families Counselling —1800 011 046 or visit www.openarms.gov.au www.openarms.gov.au/get-support/treatment- programs-and-workshops
Open Arms delivers free mental health literacy training to veterans and their families. The mental health literacy training available is; Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training (ASIST) – two day training Suicide Alertness for Everybody (safe) TALK – half day training Mental Health First Aid – two day training Blended Mental Health First Aid – self-paced and instructor led	Open Arms Veterans & Families Counselling - 1800 011 046 or visit www.openarms.gov.au/get- support/treatment-programs-and- workshops/suicide-intervention-and-mental- health-literacy-workshops
Medical condition referrals GPs can refer DVA clients to medical specialists and allied health providers for specialist medical treatment through Medicare arrangements. For mental health conditions, referrals can be made to social workers, psychologists, occupational therapists and psychiatrists.	Referrals can be made via a DVA Form D0904 or a letter on letterhead that includes your provider number. Form D0904: click here